Sinkhole Map of West Central Florida

Type And Thickness Of Overburden

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type And Thickness Of Overburden</th>
<th>Frequency Of Sinkholes</th>
<th>Type Of Sinkholes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thin; highly permeable</td>
<td>Generally few</td>
<td>Dissolution; cover-subsidence; cover-collapse</td>
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<tr>
<td>30 to 200 feet thick;</td>
<td>Numerously</td>
<td>Cover-subsidence–occur slowly; cover-collapse–usually induced</td>
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<td>permeable sands are dominant</td>
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<tr>
<td>30 to 200 feet thick;</td>
<td>Very numerous</td>
<td>Cover-collapse–occur abruptly</td>
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<td>more clayey</td>
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<tr>
<td>Greater than 200 feet</td>
<td>Few</td>
<td>Cover-collapse–large diameter and deep</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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